## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application with the following list of claims

## 1-18. (Canceled)

 (Currently amended) A DNA construct for providing a heterologous immunoglobulin in the milk of a non-human transgenic mammal, the DNA construct comprising:

a promoter sequence that results in the preferential expression of apperably-linked to a heterologous immunoglobulin protein-coding sequence, wherein the promoter sequence preferentially expresses the heterologous immunoglobulin protein-coding sequence in mammary gland epithelial cells.

an immunoglobulin protein-coding sequence, and

a 3' non-coding sequence; and

wherein the heterologous immunoglobulin protein-coding sequence is between the promoter sequence and the 3' non-coding sequence, and wherein the heterologous immunoglobulin protein-coding sequence comprises a sequence that encodes an immunoglobulin heavy chain and a sequence that encodes an immunoglobulin light chain, a unique restriction site between the promoter and the 3' non-coding sequence,

wherein the immunoglobulin protein coding sequence is inserted into the restriction site; and

wherein said DNA construct is integrated into the genome of said mammal in such a way that said protein coding sequence is expressed in the mammary gland of said mammal, and secreted from said mammary gland in the milk of said mammal; and,

wherein the expressed immunoglobulin protein sequence is primarily or completely of human origin,

wherein each coding region may be expressed individually and.

wherein the immunoglobulin protein coding sequence encodes a heavy chain coding region:

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wherein said immunoglobulin protein coding sequence encodes a light chain coding region.

- (Canceled)
- (Currently amended) The <u>DNA</u> construct of claim 19, wherein saidthe promoter sequence is
  selected from the group consisting of a beta lactoglobulin promoter sequence, a whey acid
  protein promoter sequence, and theor a lactalbumin promoter sequence.
- 22-24. (Canceled)
- (Currently amended) The <u>DNA</u> construct of claim 19, wherein saidthe promoter sequence is a casein promoter sequence.
- (Currently amended) The <u>DNA</u> construct of claim 19, wherein the <u>heterologous</u> <u>immunoglobulin protein-coding sequence is inserted intorestriction site is</u> an XhoI restriction site.
- (Currently amended) The <u>DNA</u> construct of claim 19, wherein the 3' non-coding sequence encodes is a 3' non-coding region from a mammary-specific gene.
- 28. (Canceled)
- 29. (Currently amended) A mammary gland epithelial cell comprising the <u>DNA</u> construct of claim 19. and a construct comprising an immunoglobulin protein coding sequence which encodes both a light chain and a heavy chain, operatively linked to a promoter sequence that results in the preferential expression of the protein coding sequence in mammary gland epithelial cells, wherein the cell expresses the light and heavy chains separately and secretes a heterologous, assembled immunoglobulin comprising the light and heavy chains.

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(Currently amended) <u>The</u>A mammary gland epithelial cell of claim <u>29</u>, comprising the
construct of claim <u>19</u> further comprising wherein the cell expresses the light and heavy
chains separately and the sequences so expressed are fully human sequences; and,

wherein the said promoter sequence is selected from a group consisting of: a beta lactoglobulin promoter sequence, a casein promoter sequence, a whey acid protein promoter sequence, and theor a lactalbumin promoter sequence.

## 31-35. (Canceled)

- 36. (New) The DNA construct of claim 19, wherein the sequence that encodes an immunoglobulin heavy chain and the sequence that encodes an immunoglobulin light chain are human sequences.
- 37. (New) The mammary gland epithelial cell of claim 29, wherein the sequence that encodes an immunoglobulin heavy chain and the sequence that encodes an immunoglobulin light chain are human sequences.
- (New) A DNA construct for providing a heterologous immunoglobulin in the milk of a nonhuman transgenic mammal, the DNA construct comprising;
  - (a) a first expression cassette comprising a first promoter sequence operably-linked to a heterologous immunoglobulin heavy chain-coding sequence, wherein the promoter sequence preferentially expresses the heterologous immunoglobulin heavy chain-coding sequence in mammary gland epithelial cells, and a first 3' non-coding sequence,

wherein the heterologous immunoglobulin heavy chain-coding sequence is between the first promoter sequence and the first 3' non-coding sequence; and

(b) a second expression cassette comprising a second promoter sequence operablylinked to a heterologous immunoglobulin light chain-coding sequence, wherein the promoter Application No. 09/012,904 5 Docket No.: G0744.70014US02 Amendment dated December 1, 2009

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sequence preferentially expresses the heterologous immunoglobulin light chain-coding sequence in mammary gland epithelial cells, and a second 3' non-coding sequence, wherein the heterologous immunoglobulin light chain-coding sequence is between the second promoter sequence and the second 3' non-coding sequence.

- 39. (New) The DNA construct of claim 38, wherein the first promoter sequence is a beta lactoglobulin promoter sequence, a whey acid protein promoter sequence, a lactalbumin promoter sequence, or a casein promoter sequence and/or the second promoter sequence is a beta lactoglobulin promoter sequence, a whey acid protein promoter sequence, a lactalbumin promoter sequence, or a casein promoter sequence.
- (New) The DNA construct of claim 39, wherein the first promoter sequence and second promoter sequence are the same.
- (New) The DNA construct of claim 38, wherein the heterologous immunoglobulin heavy chain-coding sequence and/or the heterologous immunoglobulin light chain-coding sequence is inserted into an XhoI restriction site.
- 42. (New) The DNA construct of claim 38, wherein the first 3' non-coding sequence encodes a 3' non-coding region from a mammary-specific gene and/or the second 3' non-coding sequence encodes a 3' non-coding region from a mammary-specific gene.
- (New) The DNA construct of claim 38, wherein the heterologous immunoglobulin heavy chain-coding sequence and the heterologous immunoglobulin light chain-coding sequence are human sequences.
- 44. (New) A mammary gland epithelial cell comprising the DNA construct of claim 38.
- 45. (New) The mammary gland epithelial cell of claim 44, wherein the first promoter sequence

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> is a beta lactoglobulin promoter sequence, a casein promoter sequence, a whey acid protein promoter sequence, or a lactalbumin promoter sequence, and wherein the second promoter sequence is a beta lactoglobulin promoter sequence, a casein promoter sequence, a whey acid protein promoter sequence, or a lactalbumin promoter sequence.

46. (New) The mammary gland epithelial cell of claim 44, wherein the heterologous immunoglobulin heavy chain-coding sequence and the heterologous immunoglobulin light chain-coding sequence are human sequences.

## 47. (New) A mammary gland epithelial cell comprising:

(a) a first DNA construct comprising a first promoter sequence operably-linked to a heterologous immunoglobulin heavy chain-coding sequence, wherein the first promoter sequence preferentially expresses the heterologous immunoglobulin heavy chain-coding sequence in mammary gland epithelial cells, and a first 3' non-coding sequence,

wherein the heterologous immunoglobulin heavy chain-coding sequence is between the first promoter sequence and the first 3' non-coding sequence; and

- (b) a second DNA construct comprising a second promoter sequence operably-linked to a heterologous immunoglobulin light chain-coding sequence, wherein the second promoter sequence preferentially expresses the heterologous immunoglobulin light chaincoding sequence in mammary gland epithelial cells, and a second 3' non-coding sequence, wherein the heterologous immunoglobulin light chain-coding sequence is between
  - the second promoter sequence and the second 3' non-coding sequence.
- 48. (New) The mammary gland epithelial cell of claim 47, wherein the first promoter sequence is a beta lactoglobulin promoter sequence, a casein promoter sequence, a whey acid protein promoter sequence, or a lactalbumin promoter sequence, and wherein the second promoter sequence is a beta lactoglobulin promoter sequence, a casein promoter sequence, a whey acid protein promoter sequence, or a lactalbumin promoter sequence.